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PATENT APPLICATION

N THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of

Serial no. Filed

7/26/02

For

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Group Art Unit Docket Bahir AL-OBAIDY and Thamer AL-OB

with an effective filing date of August 21
INTERACTIVE SYSTEM FOR F

INTERACTIVE SYSTEM FØI READING OF UTILITY METERS

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The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

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RESPONSE

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Dear Sir:

[XXX] NO FEES ARE PAYABLE WITH RESPECT TO THIS RESPONSE.	
[] A CHECK FOR THE FEES INDICATED BELOW, BASED UPON THE APPLICANT'S small ENTITY STATUS, ACCOMPANIES THIS RESPONSE.	
PETITION FOR MONTH(S) EXTENSION OF TIME	\$
TOTAL	\$

In response to the Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (37 CFR 1.121) dated July 9, 2002, please enter the attached amendment which overcomes the non-compliance of the previous response, the undersigned was notified that the Amendment filed on February 20, 2002, is considered non-compliant because it has not been submitted in the format required under 37 CFR 1.121. In particular, the Notice indicates that the Amendment does not include a complete marked up copy of the paragraphs indicating the page and line numbers.

In response to this, the Applicant respectfully submits that the previously filed Amendment did in fact contain a clean version as well as a marked-up version of the replacement paragraph(s)/section(s). See attached copy of the previously submitted Amendment. In any event, a complete marked up copy of the paragraphs indicating the page and line numbers is enclosed. The Applicant respectfully requests the Examiner to enter the previously filed Amendment and withdraw the Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment.

If anything further is required in order to respond to the outstanding Notice, please contact the undersigned by telephone.

In the event that there are any fee deficiencies or additional fees are payable, please charge the same or credit any overpayment to our Deposit Account (Account No. 04-0213).

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service, with sufficient postage, as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C./ 20231 on July 26, 2002.

Print Name: Michael Bujold

[002] FIREDEOF THE DIVIENITION

[003] The present invention relates to a remotely interactive metering system and in particular to a system for automatically reading utility or other forms of meter.

[004] BACKGROUND OR THE TRIVEN EXON

[005] According to one aspect of the present invention, a remotely interactive metering system comprises:

sensing means for interfacing with a meter and providing an output signal corresponding to the meter reading;

a meter reading collection hub connecting to said sensing means of several meters, the meter collection hub comprising:

means for converting the output signal from each sensing means and providing a count for each meter associated with each one of said sensing means;

telecommunication means by which data may be transmitted from the meter reading collection hub to a centralised meter reading server; and

communication means by which the meter reading collection hub may receive real-time, time signals; and

a centralised meter reading server.

[006] SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[007] The sensor means may be an integral part of the meter or may be located externally of the meter. For example, in the case of electricity meters, the sensor means may be situated within easy sensing distance from the rotating disc of the meter. Alternatively, if the meter is provided with an external terminal for reading the units consumed, then this external terminal may be connected to the meter reading collection hub. With meters having a LED display, the sensors may pick up the LED signalling.

[008] In addition to means for sensing the meter reading, the sensor means may

of the disc. A combination of two of these light sensors will detect the

[009] The sensing of rotational movement will be confirmed only when both sensors have detected the marker located on the disc. A unit consumed will be registered only when both of the sensors have recorded the marker.

direction of rotation of the disc.

- [010] In normal operational circumstances, the disc jitters, moving backwards and forwards, when the meter is operating with hardly any load carried through it, ie minimal consumption of electricity. The sensors will register a directional rotation only when both of the sensors have simultaneously recorded the marker. Then, one unit of consumption will be registered. This will prevent the false registration of multiple units consumed due to jitteriness of the disc in low load application.
- [011] Typically, up to seven meters may be connected to each meter reading collection hub. These meters may be any kind of meters and/or meters for different utilities, for example electricity, water or gas serving one household and/or may be meters for the same utility from several neighbouring households.
- [012] Multiplexing may increase the number of meters that may be connected to each meter reading connection hub, to for example 64, where higher densities of meters occur, for example for blocks of flats or industrial

premises.

- [013] The meter reading collection hub utilises digital decimal odometers for unit counting. These digital decimal odometers comprise a set of wheels, each of one millimetre in depth. Each wheel has a set of four grooves of an equal length punched through its surface. The outer ring groove lengths are split into two halves. The first half runs parallel to the first inner ring groove and the second half runs alone across its sector. The lengths of these grooves are spread equidistantly on the surface of one sector without grooves. Their position is spread equally, and distance apart, at the same intervals as the groove reader mounted on the reader arm. The width of each groove is wide enough to allow a narrow beam of laser or light ray to penetrate. The grooves will enable that wheel to represent figures 0 9 digitally encoded.
 - [014] These digital decimal odometers are fixed with gears which are attached to counter visual dials. This arrangement enables both the visual display of numeric counting and the representation of these decimal numbers electronically.
 - [015] The number of these wheels will match exactly the number of dials displayed on the display unit counter, so for example if there are nine sets of display dials on the electricity meter, then there will be nine sets of these digital decimal odometers.
 - [016] These digital decimal odometers can provide electronically the amount of units consumed instantly at any time. The mechanical devices will eliminate the need for a battery in case of power deprivation. They can be mounted inside a meter or can be driven by pulses from a microprocessor in a separate box to the meter.

- [017] The meter reading collection hub may also be provided with means for recording the readings and storing them temporarily, for subsequent transmission via telecommunication system to the centralised meter reading server. Moreover, processing means may be provided to calculate and store consumption rates, so that the system may predict unmetered uses from previous recordings and establish normal consumption pattern. In this manner, deviations from the normal consumption patterns may be reported prompting further enquiries from the utility board in order to avoid possible fraudulent activities.
- [018] The normal PSTN line of one of the household's or a dedicated PSTN line may be used for sending data from the meter reading connection hub to the centralised meter reading server. Alternatively, terrestrial or satellite GSM and its associated signalling protocols may be provided in the meter reading connection hub for this purpose via the Internet.
- [019] The telecommunication means may operate as a meter server with autodial to a specified telephone number or a meter server with autoanswering on a specific count of telephone rings.
- [020] Password protection may also be provided which may be set and altered by the utility board to provide data protection and ensure integrity.
- [021] TCP/IP mode for the meter reading collection hub, using a combination of a unique IP address and customer house telephone line or a GSM number, provides a unique identification address. The communication layers for this mode consist of the following:-

Connection to the customer household telephone line with dial-up facility with a fixed number of tries to dial the utility computer site using a free phone number, and after the 'Economy 7' radio signal has triggered the transmission process. Alternatively using the hub

provide other rates to satisfy customer needs;

- e) provide cost effectiveness in the following areas:-
 - i) maximum utilisation of human resources and equipment;
 - ii) car purchasing or leasing;
 - iii) fuel;
 - iv) maintenance;
 - inflation cost linked to the above points;
 - vi) elimination for the need to use resource in order to collect meter readings.

[030] The system covered the present application also provides the following advantages:-

- remote access and bidirectional communication control over non half-hourly monitoring and meter reading;
- reporting of powercuts and fraudulent activity immediately;
- empowers the utility to offer better customer care by offering variety of rates and precise billing;
- use of existing meters and public telephone networks, all the technology used is in use and reliable;
- e) unlimited meter reading collection at will, 24 hours a day 7 days a week;
- f) adhering to OFFER's guidelines in protecting the consumer's interests;
- g) adhering to British approved industrial standards British manufacturing standards (BS9000);
- accurate and precise meter readings for billing the consumer,
 no estimate readings, with single database for customer's
 information;
- i) environmentally friendly, will encourage the reduction of burning fossil fuels with offering a cheap way of monitoring

consumption at will and cutting cost of collecting meter readings;

- j) minimal and cost effective installation time and minimal running costs;
- allowing effective utilisation of manpower;
- design adaptable to meet utility board specifications;
- m) low cost operation and maintenance.
- [031] While the system has been described with reference to meters for utilities in general and electricity in particular, the system may also be used for other metered commodities, for example fuel, vending machines or taxi services.
- [032] BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS
- [033] The invention is now described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-
- [034] Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic illustration of one embodiment of the present invention; and
- [035] Fig. 2 is a diagrammatic illustration of an alternative embodiment of the invention.
- [036] DETAILED DISCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS
- [037] As illustrated in Fig. 1 a remotely interactive metering system includes a series of meter reading collection hubs 14 (only one shown). The meter reading collection hubs 14 are connected via cables 12, each to a plurality of sensing means (not shown) for reading utility meters in a plurality of neighbouring households 10.
- [038] The meter reading collection hub 14 includes means 16 for converting and processing the signals from each of the sensing means, into counts for each of the meters associated therewith and for temporarily storing the

data.

- [039] The meter reading collection hub 14 also includes telecommunication means 18 which is connected to a telephone line 20 of one of the households 10, by which it is connected to the PSTN network and via that to a centralised meter reading server 24.
- [040] The meter reading collection hub 14 also has radio receiving means 26, by which it may receive real-time, time signals 28.
- [041] Means 16 continuously monitors the meters connected thereto, calculating total consumption and consumption rates and storing the data for subsequent transmission to the centralised meter reading server 24. This data is transmitted by telephone line 20, at specific times, the timing being synchronised by the real-time signal 28. The real-time signal may furthermore be used to switch means 16, for different charge rates, for example "Economy 7" thereby taking into account seasonally adjusted timing.
- [042] In a modification illustrated in Fig. 2, the sensor means are connected to the meter reading collection hub 14 via multiplexing means 30, so that the number of meters connected to the hub 14 may be typically increased from 7 to 64.
- [043] Moreover, in the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 2, the meter reading collection hub 14 is connected to the PSTN network and thus to the centralised meter reading server 24, by means of a GSM satellite signal 36, thereby avoiding the need to use a customer telephone line.

 Alternatively, a GSM terrestrial signal may be used.